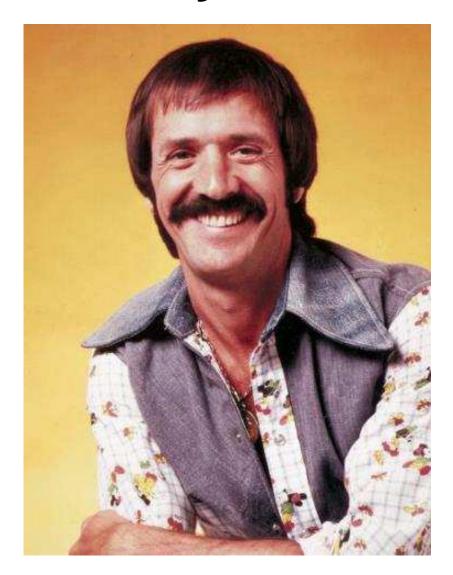
## The Milestone Group Succession Planning: A Case Study One Owner – Three Exit Strategies

Michael (Mike) Benedict, CFP®, CExP™

777 Main Street #3500 Fort Worth, TX 76102 817-302-4951 mbb@themilestonegroup.com



## "Sonny" Clark



I Got You Babe, Inc.



## Assumptions



Sonny is 60 (wants to exit @ 65)
Oilfield equipment manufacturer

**S** Corporation

Annual revenue \$25M (5.0% growth rate)

**Adjusted EBITDA \$6M** 

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.
Assumed tax brackets and calculations are based on the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCIA) approved December 22, 2017.



Payroll \$13M (excluding Sonny)

Fair market value \$30 M (5.0 x AEBITDA)

Strategic value \$39 M (6.5 x AEBITDA)

Company has no debt

Sonny's tax brackets: 37% ordinary and 23.8% capital gains

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## Possible Exit Strategies

ESOP 3rd Party Sale

## Management Buyout



## ESOP 101

## It's a qualified plan!

So it must comply with ERISA and Section 401(a).



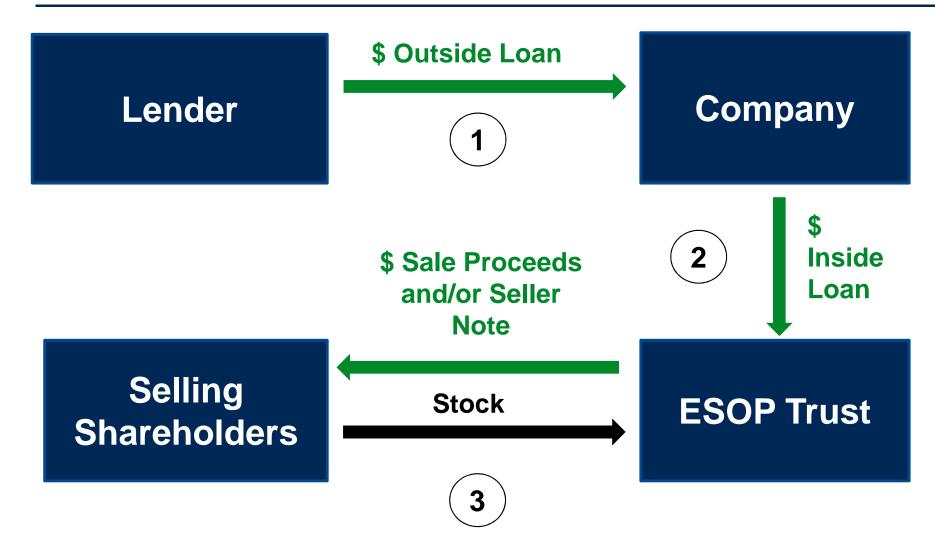
## **ESOP 101**

Important differences with a typical qualified retirement plan:

- (1) An ESOP must "invest primarily in" the stock of the sponsoring employer. <sup>1</sup>
- (2) An ESOP is permitted to borrow money. 2
- (3) An ESOP can engage in transactions with a party-in-interest (allowing it to purchase stock from the sponsoring company's shareholders). <sup>3</sup>

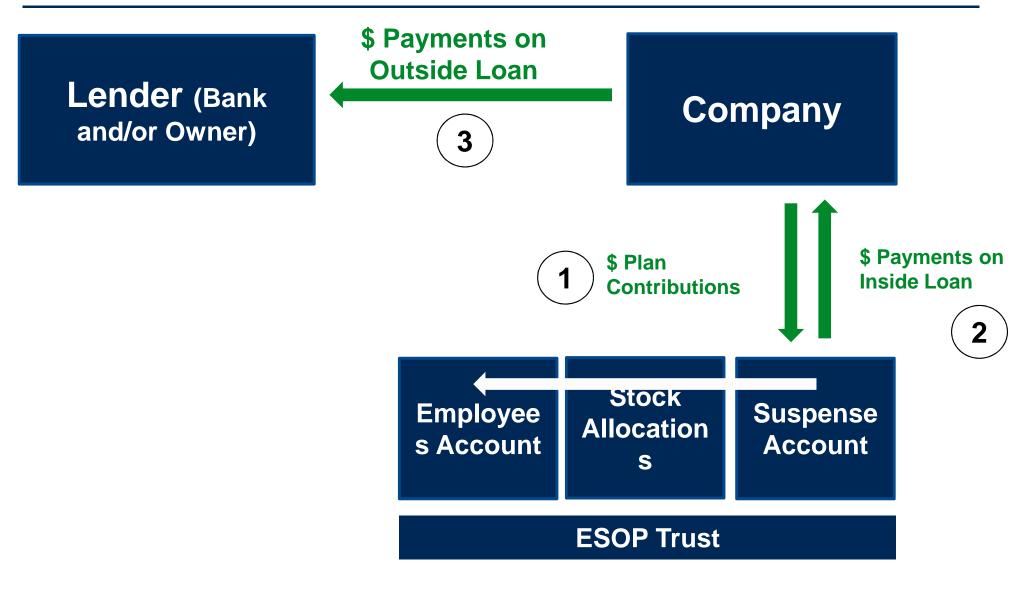


## Typical ESOP Structure (Leveraged) 4





## **ESOP Annual Activities (Leveraged)** <sup>5</sup>





 Enacted by Congressional legislation in 1984

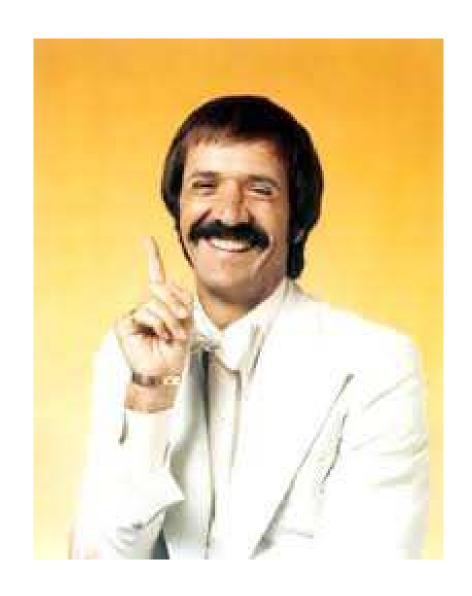
 Allows owners of closely held C Corporation stock to sell their stock to an ESOP without having to pay tax on the gain if the proceeds are reinvested in "qualified replacement securities"



## **ESOP Candidate Company Profile**

- ✓ Low debt
- ✓ Steady cash flow
- ✓ High owner tax brackets
- √ 5 years of success
- √ Payroll > \$1 M (excluding seller)
- ✓ Revenue > \$10 M or EBITDA > \$1 M
- ✓ Strong management team





## Sonny's ESOP Strategy



## **ESOP STRATEGY ASSUMPTIONS (1 of 2)**

- Convert to C Corporation (take advantage of IRC 1042)
- > Sell 40% to ESOP

  trust now (@

  minority discount)

- > Sell 60% to ESOP trust in 5 years (@ retirement)
- ESOP
  implementation
  fees = \$300,000



## **ESOP STRATEGY ASSUMPTIONS (2 of 2)**

## **FINANCING**

- ➤ Interest rate = 5.75%
- $\triangleright$  Term = 5 years
- $\rightarrow$  Balance = \$8.4M (\$30M x 40% x 70%)
- $\rightarrow$  Annual payment = \$1,980,587
- $\triangleright$  Debt payment as % of eligible payroll = 15%
- Debt service ratio = 2.98



## **RESULTS - ESOP**

Year	nny's After Dividends*	E:	SOP Fees	Sonny's After Tax Sale Proceeds			al After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$ 1,296,642	\$	(300,000)	\$	8,400,000	\$	9,396,642
2020	\$ 1,399,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,399,026
2021	\$ 1,506,529	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,506,529
2022	\$ 1,619,407	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,619,407
2023	\$ 1,737,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,737,929
2024	\$ -	\$	(300,000)	\$ 2	22,973,068	\$ 2	22,673,068
2025	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2026	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2027	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2028	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2029	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2030	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2031	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total	\$ 7,559,532	\$	(600,000)	\$ 3	31,373,068	\$ 3	38,332,600

<sup>\*</sup> Qualified Dividends

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax advice.



## What are "At Risk" Cash Flows?

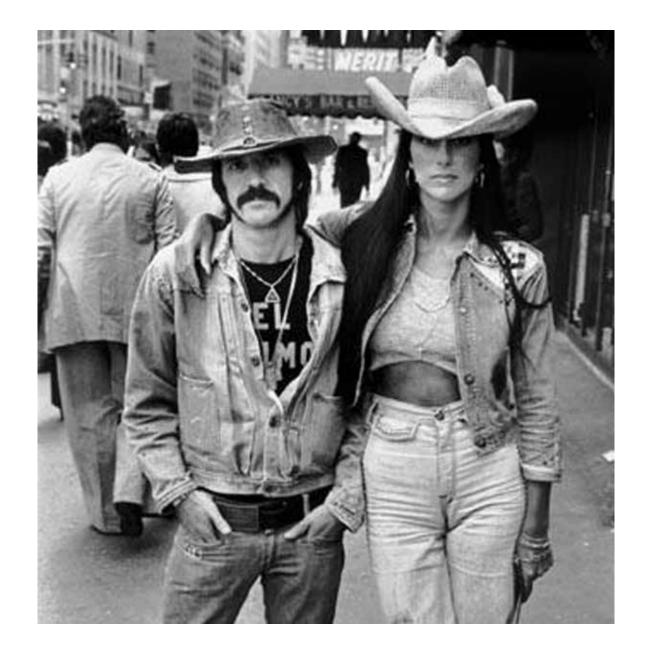
"Owner sale proceeds that are dependent on the continued success of the company after the owner has relinquished CONTROL"



## **RESULTS - ESOP**

No "at risk" cash				ESULTS - ESOI	P			
flows		nny's After Dividends*	E	SOP Fees	Ta	y's After x Sale oceeds		al After Tax ash Flow
2019	\$	1,296,642	\$	(300,000)	\$ 8,	400,000	\$	9,396,642
2020	\$	1,399,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,399,026
2021	\$	1,506,529	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,506,529
2022	\$	1,619,407	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,619,407
2023	\$	1,737,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,737,929
2024	\$	-	\$	(300,000)	\$ 22,	973,068	\$ 2	2,673,068
2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
2026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2027	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2028	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
2029	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<i>J</i> -
2030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2031	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total	\$	7,559,532	\$	(600,000)	\$ 31,	373,068	\$ 3	8,332,600





## Sonny's Management Buyout Strategy





"Van" Smith

Age 45 Salary \$175,000



## What are the potential resources for a management buyout?



## **Potential Source of Management Buyout Funds**

(1) Employee cash

(2) Employee effort

(3) Company cash flow



### MANAGEMENT BUYOUT ASSUMPTIONS

> Sell 10% of stock (with 30% non-controlling discount) annually to Van via seller notes for 5 years (50% total)

> Sell remaining 50% to Van in year 5 funded with bank financing at full FMV



## **SELLER NOTES**

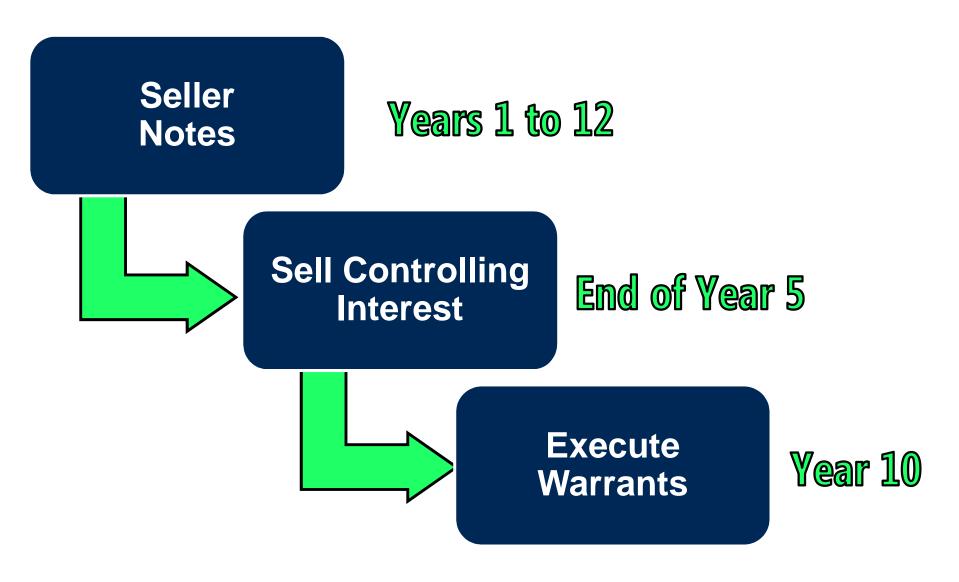
Interest Rate = 8.0%

Warrants priced to add 4.0% return (see Appendix C for warrant details) Annual note payment = 100% of after tax distribution

Total note return target is 12.0%



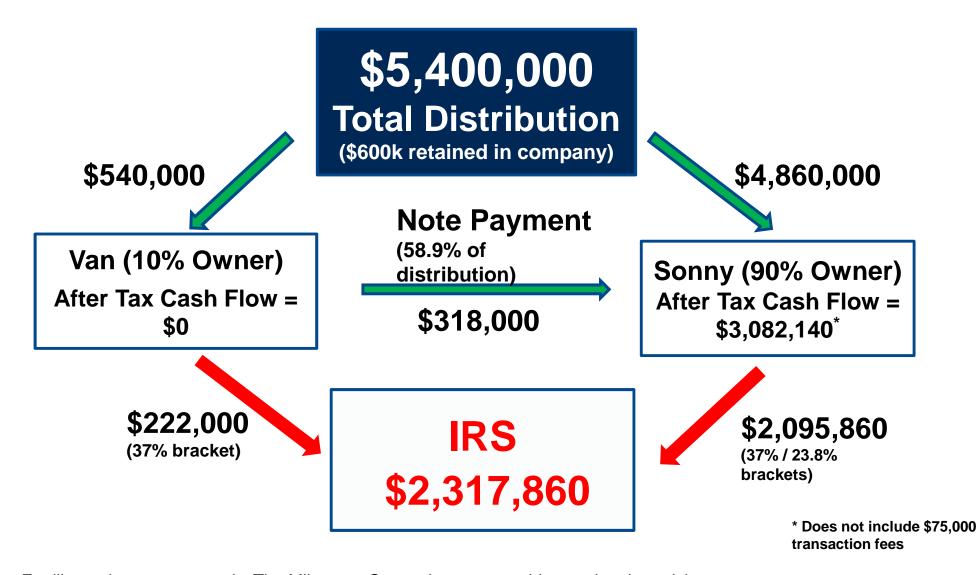
## PHASES OF MANAGEMENT BUYOUT



For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.
Assumed tax brackets and calculations are based on the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCIA) approved December 22, 2017.



## Phase 1: Year 1 (See Appendix C for Sonny's Tax Calculation)



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## **RESULTS — MANAGEMENT BUYOUT**

Year	Sonny's After Tax Warrant Proceeds	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Sonny's After Tax Proceeds from Seller Notes	Accounting and Legal Fees		Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$0	\$2,862,000	\$220,140	(\$75,000)	\$0	\$3,007,140
2020	\$0	\$2,671,200	\$464,987	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,136,187
2021	\$0	\$2,454,165	\$736,676	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,190,841
2022	\$0	\$2,208,749	\$1,037,513	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,246,261
2023	\$0	\$1,932,655	\$1,369,984	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,302,639
2024	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$926,725	<b>\$0</b>	\$14,587,898	\$15,514,623
2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,050,414	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,050,414
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,181,262	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,181,262
2027	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,319,699	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,319,699
2028	\$934,631	<b>\$0</b>	\$877,365	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,811,997
2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,613,040	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,613,040
2030	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,575,017	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,575,017
2031	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0

Total \$934,631 \$12,128,768 \$12,372,822 (\$75,000) \$14,587,898 \$39,949,120

## **RESULTS — MANAGEMENT BUYOUT**

"	At	ris	k"	ca	sh

flows Year	Sonny's After Tax Warrant Proceeds	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Sonny's After Tax Proceeds from Seller Notes	Accounting and Legal Fees		Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$0	\$2,862,000	\$220,140	(\$75,000)	\$0	\$3,007,140
2020	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,671,200	\$464,987	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,136,187
2021	\$0	\$2,454,165	\$736,676	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,190,841
2022	\$0	\$2,208,749	\$1,037,513	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,246,261
2023	\$0	\$1,932.655	\$1,360,084	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,302,639
2024	\$0	\$0	\$926,725	\$0	\$14,587,898	\$15,514,623
2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,050,414	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,050,414
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,181,262	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,181,262
2027	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,319,699	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,319,699
2028	\$934,631	<b>\$0</b>	\$877,365	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$1,811,997
2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,613,040	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,613,040
2030	\$0	\$0	\$1,575,017	Śņ	\$0	\$1,575,017
2031	\$0	\$0	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0

Total \$934,631 \$12,128,768 \$12,372,822	(\$75,000)	\$14,587,898	\$39,949,120
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## How does this work out for "Van"?



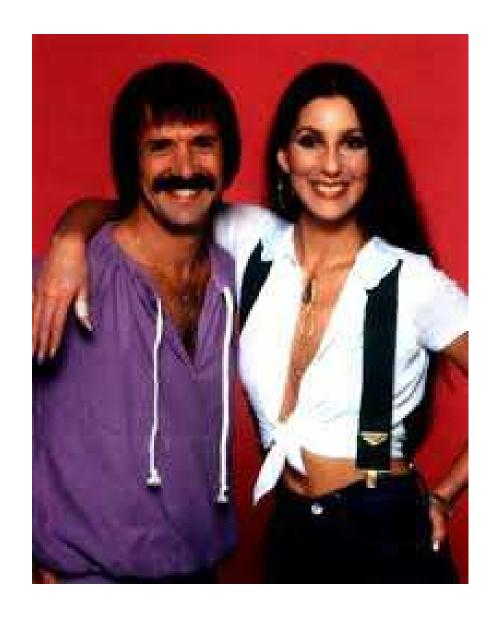


## "Neutral"

## KEY EMPLOYEE RESULTS — MANAGEMENT BUYOUT

cash flows Year —	Van's Pre-Tax Profit Distribution	Seller Notes Paid by Van	Taxes Paid by Van	Van's Net Cash Flow
2019	\$540,000	(\$318,000)	(\$222,000)	\$0
2020	\$1,134,000	(\$667,800)	(\$466,200)	\$0
2021	\$1,786,050	(\$1,051,785)	(\$734,265)	\$0
2022	\$2,500,470	(\$1,472,499)	(\$1,027,971)	\$0
2023	\$3,281,867	(\$1,932,655)	(\$1,349,212)	\$0
2024	\$3,654,751	(\$1,334,949)	(\$2,319,801)	\$0
2025	\$3,999,347	(\$1,488,273)	(\$2,511,074)	<b>\$0</b>
2026	\$4,361,173	(\$1,648,147)	(\$2,713,026)	\$0
2027	\$4,741,090	(\$1,814,817)	(\$2,926,273)	\$0
2028	\$3,913,453	(\$1,215,811)	(\$2,697,642)	\$0
2029	\$5,558,861	(\$2,169,566)	(\$3,389,295)	\$0
2030	\$5,998,663	(\$2,093,819)	(\$3,640,493)	\$264,351
2031	\$6,460,454	\$0	(\$3,905,834)	\$2,554,620
Total	\$47,930,178	(\$17,208,121)	(\$27,903,085)	\$2,818,971





# Sale to a Third Party



### THIRD PARTY SALE ASSUMPTIONS

- > Sell to a strategic buyer in 5 years
- > Sales price multiplier is 6.5x AEBITDA
- Gross sales price = \$49.8 M
- > Tax Basis = \$0
- No "earn outs" or employment contract
- > Total fees = \$1.6 M (3% m&a fee plus \$150,000 legal and accounting fees)



What could Sonny do in the next 5 years to enhance his sales outcome?





## Improving the Sale Process – Possible Strategies (1 of 2)

**Business valuation** 

Diversify the client base

Clean financial statements

Pre-sale due diligence

Develop the management team

Upgrade
accounting
and ERP
system



## Improving the Sale Process – Possible Strategies (2 of 2)

Sale bonuses Review HR process

Acquire a business?

Separate real estate

Scrub cost structure

Keep debt level low



## **RESULTS — THIRD PARTY SALE**

Year	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Fees	Sonny's After Tax Sale Proceeds	Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$3,180,000	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,180,000
2020	\$3,339,000	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,339,000
2021	\$3,505,950	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,505,950
2022	\$3,681,248	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,681,248
2023	\$3,865,310	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,865,310
2024	\$0	(\$1,643,249)	\$37,928,535	\$36,285,286
2025	\$0	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2027	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2028	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2029	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2030	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2031	\$0	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0

Total \$17,571,507 (\$1,643,249)	\$37,928,535	\$53,856,793
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#### RESULTS — THIRD PARTY SALE

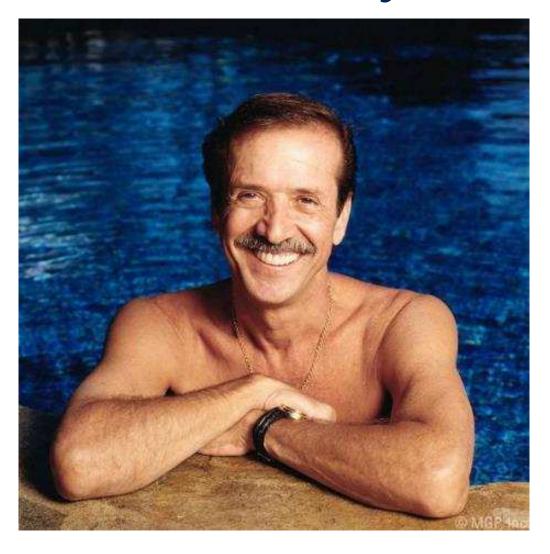
No "at risk" cash  RESULTS — THIRD PARTY SALE						
flov	ws Year	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Fees	Sonny's After Tax Sale Proceeds	Total After Tax Cash Flow	
	2019	\$3,180,000	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,180,000	
	2020	\$3,339,000	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,339,000	
	2021	\$3,505,950	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,505,950	
	2022	\$3,681,248	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,681,248	
	2023	\$3,865,310	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$3,865,310	
	2024	\$0	(\$1,643,249)	\$37,928,535	\$36,285,286	
	2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0	
	2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	
	2027	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	
	2028	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	
	2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	
	2030	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0	
	2031	<b>\$</b> 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Total \$17,571,507 (\$1,643,249) \$37,928,535 \$53,856,793

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax advice.



### Summary



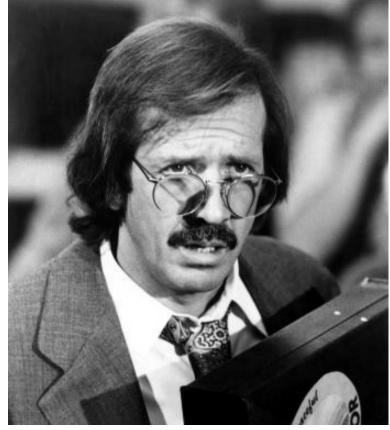


#### **SUMMARY OF RESULTS**

Category	ESOP	Mgt Buyout	3rd Party Sale	
After Tax Cash Flow	\$ 38.3 M	\$ 39.9 M	\$ 53.9 M	
"At Risk"	<b>\$ 0</b>	\$ 9.5 M	<b>\$ 0</b>	
% "At Risk"	0%	24%	0%	



# What if Sonny had to sell now?





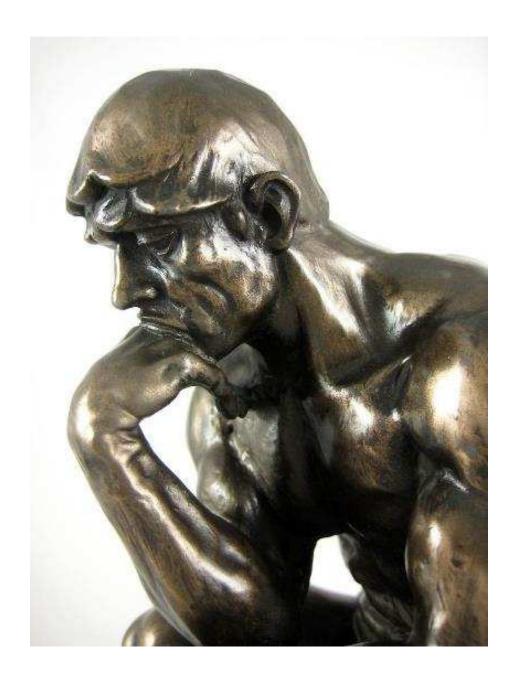
## SUMMARY OF RESULTS (Selling Now)\*

Category	ESOP	Mgt Buyout	3rd Party Sale
After Tax Cash Flow	\$ 38.5 M	\$ 36.7 M	\$ 28.3 M
"At Risk"	\$ 18.8 M	\$ 25.3 M	<b>\$ 0</b>
% "At Risk"	49%	69%	0%

<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix E for detailed results

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax advice.





Which comes first?
Estate planning or exit planning?



## A successful business exit plan achieves 3 important goals:

(1) Financial Security (for the owner)

(2) Chooses the Right Person (children, key employees, co-owners, or a 3<sup>rd</sup> party)

(3) Minimizes Income Taxes



## A successful estate plan achieves 3 important goals:

(1) Financial Security (for the heirs)

(2) Chooses the Right Person (decedent chooses who receives the estate)

(3) Minimizes Estate Taxes



#### **Complementary Estate Planning Strategies**

**GRATs** 

Charitable Trusts

678 Trusts

Take advantage
of temporary
ESOP value
deflation!

Section 1042 and estate equalization

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.



## Questions?



## Appendix A

S Corporation vs C Corporation ESOPs



#### S and C Corporation ESOPs Comparison (1 of 2) <sup>6</sup>

Tax Issue	S Corporation ESOP	C Corporation ESOP	
Deferral of capital gains tax for sale to ESOP under Section 1042	NO	YES (if Section 1042 rules are met)	
Company does not pay federal or, usually, state income tax on share of profits attributable to the ESOP	YES	Company pays taxes on all its profits regardless of how much the ESOP owns	
Dividends paid on ESOP shares are deductible	NO (S corporations do not pay dividends, and distributions are not deductible)	YES, if used to repay an ESOP loan, passed through to employees, or voluntarily reinvested by employees in company stock	
Contributions to the ESOP, either directly or to repay the ESOP debt, are deductible up to 25% of covered payroll	Both interest and principal payments count toward the 25% limit	Only payments toward principal must be counted toward 25% of covered payroll	

#### S and C Corporation ESOPs Comparison (2 of 2) <sup>6</sup>

Tax Issue	S Corporation ESOP	C Corporation ESOP
Forfeitures of unvested account balances from departed employees count toward limit on maximum annual additions to employee accounts (100% of pay or \$55,000; includes all employer and employee contributions to retirement plans)	YES	NO
Distributions of account balances for departed participants can be delayed until after ESOP loan is repaid	NO	YES
In calculating the maximum amount that can go into a leveraged ESOP, employer contributions to other qualified retirement plans do not count	NO	YES



# Appendix B Some Additional IRC Section 1042 Requirements



#### IRC Section 1042 Partial Requirement List 8

- ✓ Owners of stock in closely held C Corporations
- ✓ The ESOP must own 30% of the total value of shares in the company after the sale
- ✓ Available for individuals, partnerships, estates, and taxable trusts but not corporations
- ✓ Owners have held the stock for at least 3 years

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.



#### IRC Section 1042 Partial Requirement List (continued) 8

- ✓ Qualified Replacement Property (QRP) partial requirements:
  - stocks, bonds, debentures, warrants or other debt or equity instruments issued by U.S. corporations
  - QRP securities must not receive more than 25% of their income from passive investment
  - Must be U.S. controlled companies, not simply operating in the U.S.
- ✓ The seller must acquire the QRP within 12 months after the sale or 3 months prior to it

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.



### Appendix C Sonny's Warrant Details



#### **WARRANTS**

- $\succ$  Total outstanding shares = 1,000,000
- > Strike price (current NAV) = \$30.00
- $\triangleright$  Execution price (10 years @ 5.0% growth) = \$48.87
- # Warrants issued = 65,000
- ➤ Warrants pre-tax value in year 10 = \$1,226,550
- Taxes owed at warrant execution = \$291,919 (65,000 x (48.87-30.00) x 23.8%)

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax advice.



## Appendix D

Sonny's Year 1 Income Tax Calculations



#### Phase 1: Sonny's Year 1 Tax Calculation

<u>Source</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>mount</u>	Tax Rate	<u>Tax</u>
Sonny's Share of Profits (90% of \$6MM)	\$	5,400,000	37.0%	\$ 1,998,000
Note Payment - Interest	\$	168,000	37.0%	\$ 62,160
Note Payment - Capital Gain	\$	150,000	23.8%	\$ 35,700
Total	\$	5,718,000		\$ 2,095,860

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax planning advice.
Assumed tax brackets and calculations are based on the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCIA) approved December 22, 2017.



# Appendix E "Sell Now" Results



#### RESULTS — ESOP (Sell Now)

Year	Seller's After Tax Warrant Proceeds	Sonny's After Tax Dividends	Sonny's After Tax Proceeds from Seller Notes	Fees	Sonny's After Tax Sale Proceeds (via bank financing)	Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$0	\$0	\$503,999	(\$300,000)	\$20,000,000	\$20,204,000
2020	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$503,999	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$504,000
2021	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$503,999	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$504,000
2022	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$503,999	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$504,000
2023	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$503,999	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$504,000
2024	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,208,562	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,208,562
2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,259,017	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,259,017
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,313,509	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,313,509
2027	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,372,360	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,372,360
2028	\$4,724,832	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,435,918	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$7,160,751
2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0
2030	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2031	\$0	\$0	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0
						1

Total \$4,724,832 \$0 \$14,109,364 (\$300,000) \$20,000,000 \$38,534,199



#### RESULTS — MANAGEMENT BUYOUT (Sell Now)

Year	Sonny's After Tax Warrant Proceeds	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Sonny's After Tax Proceeds from Seller Notes	Fees	Sonny's After Tax Proceeds from Sale of Ownership Via Outside Financing	Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$0	\$0	\$756,000	(\$75,000)	\$11,430,000	\$12,111,000
2020	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$756,000	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$756,000
2021	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$756,000	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$756,000
2022	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$756,000	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$756,000
2023	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$756,000	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$756,000
2024	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,036,988	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,036,988
2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,054,740	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,054,740
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,073,912	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,073,912
2027	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,094,619	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,094,619
2028	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,116,981	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,116,981
2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,141,133	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$2,141,133
2030	\$6,888,758	<b>\$0</b>	\$2,167,217	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$9,055,975
2031	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$6,888,758	\$0	\$18,465,589	(\$75,000)	\$11,430,000	\$36,709,347

For illustrative purposes only. The Milestone Group does not provide tax advice.



#### RESULTS — 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Sale (Sell Now)

Year	Sonny's After Tax Profit Distribution	Fees	Sonny's After Tax Sale Proceeds	Sonny's Total After Tax Cash Flow
2019	\$0	(\$1,320,000)	\$29,718,000	\$28,398,000
2020	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2021	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2022	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2023	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2024	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2025	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2026	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2027	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0
2028	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
2029	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
2030	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$0
2031	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Total	\$0	(\$1,320,000)	\$29,718,000	\$28,398,000
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#### **Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> IRC Section 4975(e)(7)(A)
- <sup>2</sup> IRC Section 4975(d)(3)
- <sup>3</sup> IRC Section 4975(c)(1)(A)
- <sup>4</sup> Kelly O. Finnell, J.D., CLU, AIF®, *The ESOP Coach: Using ESOPs in Ownership Succession Planning* (Memphis: Executive Financial Services, 2010), 2.
- <sup>5</sup> Ibid., 3.
- <sup>6</sup> Kathryn F. Aschwald, CFA, ASA; Donna J. Walker, CFA, FASA; Barbara M. Clough, QPA, QKA; Brian D. Hector; Matthew G. Keene; Thomas Roback, Jr, CEP, QKA; Core Rosen, Carolyn Zimmerman; *S Corporation ESOPs: A Handbook on Legal, Administrative, Compliance, Valuation, Compensation, Sustainability, and Corporate Culture Issues* (The National Center for Employee Ownership, 2014), 3.
- <sup>7</sup>A full discussion of Section 1042 and its requirements is beyond the scope of this presentation. For a more in-depth discussion of Section 1042 of the Code, see Kaplan, Brown, and Granados, *Basic Requirements of an ESOP*, (BNA, 2010).
- <sup>8</sup>Kelly O. Finnell, J.D., CLU, AIF®, The ESOP Coach: Using ESOPs in Ownership Succession Planning (Memphis: Executive Financial Services, 2010), 90-92.



#### **Disclosures/Endnotes**

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Please contact The Milestone Group at (303) 539-0100 or 370 17th Street, Suite 3100, Denver, CO 80202 with any questions. For more information, you may also wish to visit our website: www.themilestonegroup.com.

